

Superadditivity of Quantum Relative Entropy for General States

Ángela Capel

Instituto de Ciencias Matemáticas

angela.capel@icmat.es

Angelo Lucia

University of Copenhagen

angelo@math.ku.dk

David Pérez-García

Universidad Complutense de Madrid

Instituto de Ciencias Matemáticas

dperezga@ucm.es

Objective

The property of superadditivity of the quantum relative entropy states that, in a bipartite system $\mathcal{H}_{AB} = \mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$, for every density operator ρ_{AB} one has $D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B)$. In this work, we provide an extension of this inequality for arbitrary density operators σ_{AB} .

Introduction

- In a bipartite system $\mathcal{H}_{AB} = \mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$, the **quantum relative entropy** of two states ρ_{AB} and σ_{AB} is given by:

$$D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) = \text{tr}[\rho_{AB}(\log \rho_{AB} - \log \sigma_{AB})]$$

if $\text{supp}(\rho_{AB}) \subseteq \text{supp}(\sigma_{AB})$ and $+\infty$ otherwise.

- The property of **superadditivity** states that

$$D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B).$$

- As a consequence of **monotonicity**, the following holds for all states ρ_{AB} and σ_{AB} :

$$2D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B).$$

Main result

Theorem

For any bipartite states ρ_{AB}, σ_{AB} :

$$(1 + 2H(\sigma_{AB})_\infty)D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B),$$

where

$$H(\sigma_{AB}) = \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_B^{-1/2} \sigma_{AB} \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_B^{-1/2} - \mathbb{1}_{AB},$$

and $\mathbb{1}_{AB}$ denotes the identity operator in \mathcal{H}_{AB} .

Note that $H(\sigma_{AB}) = 0$ if $\sigma_{AB} = \sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B$.

Steps 3 and 4 of the proof

Step 3

$$\text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})(\rho_A - \sigma_A) \otimes (\rho_B - \sigma_B)] \leq 2\|L(\sigma_{AB})\|_\infty D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}). \quad (3)$$

In virtue of Hölder's inequality and tensorization of Schatten norms,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})(\rho_A - \sigma_A) \otimes (\rho_B - \sigma_B)] &\leq \|L(\sigma_{AB})\|_\infty \|(\rho_A - \sigma_A) \otimes (\rho_B - \sigma_B)\|_1 \\ &= \|L(\sigma_{AB})\|_\infty \|\rho_A - \sigma_A\|_1 \|\rho_B - \sigma_B\|_1. \end{aligned}$$

Theorem (Pinsker): For ρ_{AB} and σ_{AB} density matrices, it holds that

$$\|\rho_{AB} - \sigma_{AB}\|_1^2 \leq 2D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}).$$

Using Pinsker's theorem and the data-processing inequality, we can conclude:

$$\text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})(\rho_A - \sigma_A) \otimes (\rho_B - \sigma_B)] \leq 2\|L(\sigma_{AB})\|_\infty D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}).$$

Step 4

$$\|L(\sigma_{AB})\|_\infty \leq \left\| \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_B^{-1/2} \sigma_{AB} \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_B^{-1/2} - \mathbb{1}_{AB} \right\|_\infty. \quad (4)$$

Conditional relative entropy

Definition (Conditional relative entropy):

$$D_A(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) = D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) - D(\rho_B||\sigma_B).$$

Proposition: Let $\mathcal{H}_{AB} = \mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B$. The following properties hold for every $\rho_{AB}, \sigma_{AB} \in \mathcal{S}_{AB}$:

- Continuity.** The map $\rho_{AB} \mapsto D_A(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB})$ is continuous.
- Non-negativity.** $D_A(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) \geq 0$, and if $D_A(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB})=0$ then $\rho_{AB} = \mathbb{E}_A^*(\rho_{AB})$.
- Semi-additivity.** $D_A(\rho_A \otimes \rho_B||\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B) = D(\rho_A||\sigma_A)$.
- Semi-superadditivity.** $D_A(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A)$.

Remark: The *conditional relative entropy* extends the definition of *conditional entropy* for classical states.

Steps 1 and 2 of the proof

Step 1

$$D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) \geq D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B) - \log \text{tr} M, \quad (1)$$

where $M = \exp[\log \sigma_{AB} - \log \sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B + \log \rho_A \otimes \rho_B]$.

It holds that:

$$\begin{aligned} D(\rho_{AB}||\sigma_{AB}) - [D(\rho_A||\sigma_A) + D(\rho_B||\sigma_B)] &= \\ &= \text{tr} \left[\rho_{AB} \left(\log \rho_{AB} - \underbrace{(\log \sigma_{AB} - \log \sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B + \log \rho_A \otimes \rho_B)}_{\log M} \right) \right] \\ &= D(\rho_{AB}||M) \geq -\log \text{tr} M. \end{aligned}$$

Step 2

$$\log \text{tr} M \leq \text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})(\rho_A - \sigma_A) \otimes (\rho_B - \sigma_B)], \quad (2)$$

where

$$L(\sigma_{AB}) = \mathcal{T}_{\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B}(\sigma_{AB}) - \mathbb{1}_{AB}.$$

Theorem (Lieb): Let g a positive operator, and define

$$\mathcal{T}_g(f) = \int_0^\infty dt (g+t)^{-1} f (g+t)^{-1}.$$

\mathcal{T}_g is positive-semidefinite if g is. We have that

$$\text{tr}[\exp(-f+g+h)] \leq \text{tr}[e^h \mathcal{T}_g(e^f)].$$

We apply Lieb's theorem to equation 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{tr} M &\leq \text{tr}[\rho_A \otimes \rho_B \mathcal{T}_{\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B}(\sigma_{AB})] \\ &= \text{tr} \left[\rho_A \otimes \rho_B \underbrace{(\mathcal{T}_{\sigma_A \otimes \sigma_B}(\sigma_{AB}) - \mathbb{1}_{AB})}_{L(\sigma_{AB})} \right] + \underbrace{\text{tr}[\rho_A \otimes \rho_B]}_1. \end{aligned}$$

By using the fact $\log(x) \leq x - 1$, we conclude

$$\log \text{tr} M \leq \text{tr} M - 1 \leq \text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})\rho_A \otimes \rho_B].$$

Lemma (Sutter et al.): For $f \in \mathcal{S}_{AB}$ and $g \in \mathcal{A}_{AB}$ the following holds:

$$\mathcal{T}_g(f) = \int_{-\infty}^\infty dt \beta_0(t) g^{-\frac{1+it}{2}} f g^{-\frac{1-it}{2}},$$

with

$$\beta_0(t) = \frac{\pi}{2} (\cosh(\pi t) + 1)^{-1}.$$

Lemma: For every operator $O_A \in \mathcal{B}_A$ and $O_B \in \mathcal{B}_B$ the following holds:

$$\text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})\sigma_A \otimes O_B] = \text{tr}[L(\sigma_{AB})O_A \otimes \sigma_B] = 0.$$

Quasi-factorization of the relative entropy

Theorem

Let $\mathcal{H}_{ABC} = \mathcal{H}_A \otimes \mathcal{H}_B \otimes \mathcal{H}_C$ be a tripartite Hilbert space and $\rho_{ABC}, \sigma_{ABC} \in \mathcal{S}_{ABC}$. Then, the following inequality holds

$$(1 - 2\|H(\sigma_{AC})\|_\infty)D(\rho_{ABC}||\sigma_{ABC}) \leq D_{AB}(\rho_{ABC}||\sigma_{ABC}) + D_{BC}(\rho_{ABC}||\sigma_{ABC}), \quad (5)$$

where

$$H(\sigma_{AC}) = \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_C^{-1/2} \sigma_{AC} \sigma_A^{-1/2} \otimes \sigma_C^{-1/2} - \mathbb{1}_{AC}.$$

Log-Sobolev constant

Theorem

For $\mathcal{H}_\Lambda = \otimes_{x \in \Lambda} \mathcal{H}_x$ and $\sigma_\Lambda = \otimes_{x \in \Lambda} \sigma_x$,

Quasi-factorization \Rightarrow **Modified log-Sobolev constant.**

References

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